# **PRACTICE SET**

# **INSTRUCTIONS**

- This practice set consists of two sections. Quantitative Aptitude (Qs. 1-40) & Reasoning Ability (Qs. 41-80).
- · All the questions are compulsory.
- Each question has five options, of which only one is correct. The candidates are advised to read all the options thoroughly.
- There is negative marking equivalent to  $1/4^{th}$  of the mark allotted to the specific question for wrong answer.

(Time : 45 Min) (Max. Marks : 80

#### **QUANTITATIVE APTITUDE**

DIRECTIONS (Qs. 1-10): What will come in place of the question mark (?) in the following questions?

- 1.  $3 \times ? + 30 = 0$ 
  - (a) -15
- (b) 15

- (c) 10
- (d) -30
- (e) None of these
- 2.  $40.83 \times 1.02 \times 1.2 = ?$ 
  - (a) 49.97592
- (b) 41.64660
- (c) 58.7952
- (d) 42.479532
- (e) None of these
- $3\frac{1}{3} + 6\frac{3}{7} \times 1\frac{1}{2} \times \frac{22}{7} = ?$ 
  - (a) 4.4
- (b)  $\frac{22}{7}$
- (c)  $\frac{5}{22}$
- (d) 40.5
- (e) None of these
- 4.  $3978 + 112 \times 2 = ? \div 2$ 
  - (a) 8400
- (b) 8406
- (c) 8600
- (d) 8404
- (e) None of these
- 5.  $\left(10^{3.7} \times 10^{1.3}\right)^2 = 10^?$ 
  - (a) 6

(b) 7

(c) 5

- (d) 3
- (e) None of these

- 6.  $300 + 10^2 \times 2 = ?$ 
  - (a) 450
- (b) 800
- (c) 550
- (d) 320
- (e) None of these
- 7.  $\frac{5 \times 1.6 2 \times 1.4}{1.3} = ?$ 
  - (a) 4

- (b) 0.4
- (c) 1.4
- (d) 1.2
- (e) None of these
- 8.  $3\frac{2}{5} + 7\frac{1}{5} 5\frac{1}{4} = ?$ 
  - (a)  $5\frac{3}{10}$
- (b)  $5\frac{3}{20}$
- (c)  $5\frac{7}{10}$
- (d)  $5\frac{11}{20}$
- (e) None of these
- 9.  $25.05 \times 123.95 + 388.999 \times 15.001 = ?$ 
  - (a) 900
- (b) 8950
- (c) 8935
- (d) 8975
- (e) 8995
- **10.**  $(15.01)^2 \times \sqrt{730} = ?$ 
  - (a) 6125
- (b) 6225
- (c) 6200
- (d) 6075
- (e) 6250

9	2				Practice Set - 10
11.	A boy was asked to write $2^5 \times 9^2$ but he wrote 2592. The		(a) 484 metres	(b)	572 metres
	numerical difference between the two is:		(c) 528 metres	(d)	
	(a) 0 (b) 3		(e) None of these		
	(c) 2 (d) 9	20.	The sum of the two di	gits of a	two-digit number and the
	(e) None of these			-	ts of the two-digit number
12.	If the two numbers are respectively 20% and 50% of a third		is 8. What is the two di	git numb	er?
	number, what is the percentage of the first number to the		(a) 80	(b)	88
	second?		(3) 44	(d)	Cannot be determined
	(a) 10 (b) 20		(e) None of these		
	(c) 30 (d) 40	21.	The total number of stu	dents stu	dying in a college is 4220.
	(e) None of these		If the number of girls stu	ıdying in	the college is 2420, what is
13.	A man gains 10% by selling a certain article for a certain		_		er of boys to the number of
	price. If he sells it at double the price, then the profit made		girls studying in the co	llege?	
	is:		(a) 90:131	(b)	90:121
	(a) 120% (b) 60%		(c) 121:70	(d)	121:80
	(c) 100% (d) 80%		(e) None of these		
	(e) None of these	22.			672, the cost of 12 kgs. of
14.	A, B and C enter into a partnership with investments of				18 kgs. of sugar is ₹ 504.
	₹3500, ₹4500 and ₹5500, respectively. In the first six months,			20 kgs. o	frice, 15 kgs. of wheat and
	profit is ₹ 405. What is A's share in the profit?		16 kgs. of sugar?		
	(a) ₹200 (b) ₹105		(a) ₹1,898	` /	₹1,948
	(c) ₹250 (d) ₹151		(c) ₹2,020	(d)	₹1,964
	(e) None of these	••	(e) None of these	1 ~ 1	11 200/ 1
15.	A tap can fill a cistern in 8 hours and another tap can empty	23.			ld is increased by 20% and
	it in 16 hours. If both the taps are opened simultaneously,				ne area of the rectangle will
	the time taken (in hours) to fill the cistern will be:		be 192 m <sup>2</sup> . What is the		
	(a) 8 (b) 10		(a) $184 \mathrm{m}^2$	( /	196 m <sup>2</sup>
	(c) 16 (d) 24		(c) $204 \mathrm{m}^2$	(d)	$225\mathrm{m}^2$
1.0	(e) None of these		(e) None of these		
16.	Pipes A and B can fill a tank in 5 and 6 hours, respectively.	24.	The product of one-thir	d of a nu	mber and 150% of another
	Pipe C can empty it in 12 hours. The tank is half full. All the		number is what per co	ent of th	e product of the original
	three pipes are in operation simultaneously. After how much time, the tank will be full?		numbers?		
	time, the tank will be full?		(a) 80%	(b)	50%
	(a) $3\frac{9}{17}$ h (b) 11 h		(c) 75%	(d)	120%
	17		(e) None of these	( )	
	0	25.	` /	circular o	garden is developed which
	(c) $2\frac{8}{11}$ h (d) $1\frac{13}{17}$ h	23.			the diameter of the garden
	11				e plot which is 28 metres.
	(e) None of these				out in the square plot after
17.	If the sum of the digits of an even number is divisible by 9,		developing the garden	-	out in the square plot unter
	then that number is always divisible by:		(a) $98 \mathrm{m}^2$		146 m <sup>2</sup>
	(a) 24 (b) 12				168 m <sup>2</sup>
	(c) 18 (d) 27			(a)	100111
	(e) None of these		(e) None of these		
18.	A water tank in the form of a cuboid has its base 20 m long,				ext term in the given series
	7 m wide and 10 m deep. Initially, the tank is full but later	in ea	ach of the questions belov	W	
	when water is taken out of it, the level of water in the tank	26.	41, 31, ?, 17, 11, 5		
	reduces by 2 m. The volume of water left in the tank is:		(a) 19	(b)	21
	(a) $1120 \mathrm{m}^3$ (b) $400 \mathrm{m}^3$		() 22	(-)	25

20.	41, 31, 1, 17, 11, 3		
	(a) 19	(b) 21	
	(c) 23	(d) 27	
	(e) None of these		
27.	8, 15, 28, 53, ?		

(c)  $280 \,\mathrm{m}^3$ 

(e) None of these

(d)  $140 \,\mathrm{m}^3$ 

19. The area of a circular plot is twice the area of a rectangular

what is the perimeter of the circular plot?

plot. If the area of the rectangular plot is 11088 sq. metres.,

- (a) 106 (c) 100
- (b) 98 (d) 102
- (e) None of these

- **28.** 24, 49, ?, 94, 15, 31, 59, 58
  - (a) 51
- (b) 63 (d) 95
- (c) 77
- (e) None of these **29.** 5, 10, 13, 26, 29, 58, ?, 122
  - (a) 60
- (b) 61
- (c) 111
- (d) 91
- (e) None of these
- **30.** 2, 3, 10, 15, 26, ?, 55
  - (a) 32

- (b) 33
- (c) 34

- (d) 35
- (e) None of these

DIRECTIONS (Qs. 31-35): What approximate value should come in place of the question mark (?) in the following questions? (You are not expected to calculate the exact value).

- $\sqrt[3]{860000} = ?$ 
  - (a) 75

- (b) 80
- (c) 110
- (d) 125

- (e) 95
- 32.  $1\frac{5}{8} + 5\frac{1}{3} + 2\frac{2}{5} = ?$

(b) 4

(c) 19

(d) 9

- (e) 21
- $8769 \div 82 \div 4 = ?$ 
  - (a) 27

- (b) 44
- (c) 429
- (d) 12
- (e) 512
- $?\% \text{ of } 45.999 \times 16\% \text{ of } 83.006 = 116.073$ 
  - (a) 6

- (b) 24
- (c) 19
- (d) 30

- (e) 11
- $12.998 \times 27.059 \times 17.999 = ?$ 
  - (a) 6020
- (b) 6320
- (c) 6800
- (d) 6540
- (e) 6150
- DIRECTIONS (Qs. 36-40): Study the following table and answer the questions given below.

#### **Export of electronic goods from India (in ₹Crore)**

Year	Total Exports	Electronic Goods
2011	5,143	552
2012	5,404	624
2013	5,426	717
2014	5,999	653

- **36.** Approximately what percent of the total exports were electronic goods in 2013?
  - (a) 13%
- (b) 19%
- (c) 21%
- (d) 23%
- (e) None of these

- The fall in electronic goods exports in 2014 from 2013 was nearly
  - (a) 20%
- (b) 15%
- 9% (c)
- (d) 12%
- (e) 16%
- If the electronic goods are not exported in the year 2012, then what are the total exports of that year?
  - (a) 4770
- (b) 4780
- (c) 4790
- (d) 4760
- (e) None of these
- Percentage growth of electronic goods exports in the period of 2012 to 2013 exceeded the percentage growth of the total exports over the same period approximately by
  - (a) 3.5
- (b) 12.5
- (c) 15.5
- (d) 11.5
- (e) 14.5
- 40. Over the 4-year period from 2011 to 2014, the electronic exports rose by nearly
  - (a) 16.3%
- (b) 15.3%
- (c) 14.3%
- (d) 18.3%
- (e) 20.3%

#### **REASONING ABILITY**

DIRECTIONS (Qs. 41-45): In each question below are two/three statements followed by two conclusions numbered I and II. You have to take the two/three given statements to be true even if they seem to be at variance from commonly known facts and then decide which of the given conclusions logically follows from the given statements disregarding commonly known facts.

Give answer (a) if **only** conclusion I follows.

Give answer (b) if **only** conclusion II follows.

Give answer (c) if either conclusion I or conclusion II follows.

Give answer (d) if **neither** conclusion I nor conclusion II follows.

Give answer (e) if both conclusion I and conclusion II follow.

- **Statements**: All kites are birds. All aeroplanes are kites. No bird is a fish.
  - **Conclusions**: I. No fish is a kite.
    - II. All aeroplanes are birds.
- 42. **Statements**: Some wires are fires. All fires are tyres.
  - **Conclusions**: I. Atleast some tyres are wires.
    - II. Some fires are definitely not wires.
- **43. Statements** : No clip is a pin. All badges are pins.
  - Conclusions: I. No badge is a clip.
    - II. All pins are badges.
- 44. **Statements**: No colour is a paint. No paint is a brush.
  - **Conclusions**: I. No colour is a brush.
    - II. All brushes are colours.
- **Statements**: All stars are planets. All planets are galaxies. 45.
  - **Conclusions**: I. All galaxies are planets.
    - II. All starts are galaxies.

# DIRECTIONS (Qs. 46-50): Study the following arrangement carefully and answer the questions given below:

#### B U B D C E D B D E U B **A D C B E** A C D A E B A U A C D B C A C

- **46.** How many such pairs of alphabets are there in the series of alphabets given in BOLD (A to E) in the above arrangement each of which has as many letters between them (in both forward and backward directions) as they have between them in the English alphabetical series?
  - (a) None
- (b) One
- (c) Two
- (d) Three
- (e) More than three
- **47.** Which of the following is the eighth to the left of the twentieth from the left end of the above arrangement?
  - (a) C

- (b) E
- (c) U
- (d) B

- (e) A
- **48.** How many meaningful words can be formed with the alphabets which are first, second, fifth and sixth from the left end of the above arrangement?
  - (a) None
- (b) One
- (c) Two
- (d) Three
- (e) More than three
- **49.** How many such consonants are there in the above arrangement each of which is immediately preceded by a vowel and also immediately followed by a consonant?
  - (a) One
- (b) Two
- (c) Three
- (d) Four
- (e) More than Four
- **50.** If all as are dropped from the above arrangement, which of the following will be eleventh from the right end of the above arrangement?
  - (a) E

(b) C

(c) D

- (d) U
- (e) None of these

# **DIRECTIONS (Qs. 51-55): Study the following information to answer the given questions:**

Eight people are sitting in two parallel rows containing four people each, in such a way that there is an equal distance between adjacent persons. In row-1 P, Q, R and S are seated (but not necessarily in the same order) and all of them are facing south. In row-2 A, B, C and D are seated (but not necessarily in the same order) and all of them are facing north. Therefore, in the given seating arrangement each member seated in a row faces another member of the other row.

R sits second to the right of P. A is an immediate neighbour of the person who faces R. Q sits second to left of the person who faces A. Only one person sits between B and C. C does not face P. C does not sit at any of the extreme ends of the line.

- **51.** Four of the following five are alike in a certain way based on the given seating arrangement and thus form a group. Which is the one that does not belong to that group?
  - (a) A
- (b) P
- (c) R
- (d) B

(e) S

- **52.** Who amongst the following faces B?
  - (a) P

(b) Q

(c) R

- (d) S
- (e) Cannot be determined
- **53.** Which of the following is true regarding S?
  - (a) S sits exactly between R and P
  - (b) S sits second to left of Q
  - (c) P is an immediate neighbour of S
  - (d) D is an immediate neighbour of the person who faces S
  - (e) None is true
- **54.** Who amongst the following faces Q?
  - (a) A

(b) B

(c) C

- (d) D
- (e) Cannot be determined
- **55.** Who amongst the following faces the person who sits exactly between B and C?
  - (a) P

(b) Q

- (c) R
- (d) S
- (e) Cannot be determined

DIRECTIONS (Qs. 56-60): In each question below is given a group of letters followed by four combinations of digits/symbols numbered (a), (b), (c) and (d). You have to find out which of the combinations correctly represents the group of letters based on the coding system and the conditions given below and mark the number of that combination as your answer. If none of the combinations correctly represents the group of letters, mark (e) i.e. 'None of these' as your answer.

Letters	P	M	Α	Е	J	K	D	R	W	Н	Ι	U	Т	F
Digits/symbols	4	\$	1	2	3	#	5	(a)	©	6	%	δ	7	9
Conditions	l '	Ψ	1	-	٦	"	,	w.	•		70	U	,	

- (i) If the first letter is a consonant and the last letter is a vowel, the codes of both these are to be interchanged.
- (ii) If both the first and the last letters are consonants both these are to be coded as per the code of the last letter.
- (iii) If the first letter is vowel and the last letter is a consonant both these are to be coded as ' '

**Note:** All the remaining letters are to be coded as per their original codes.

- **56.** ERWHKA
  - (a) 2@©6#1
- (b) 1@©6#2
- (c) 1@©6#I

- (d) 2@©6#2
- (e) None of these
- **57.** MPEKDU
  - (a) \$42#5δ (
- (b) \$42#5\$
- (c) δ42#5δ

- (d) δ425#\$
- (e) None of these
- **58.** TMEIUF
- (b) 7\$2%δ7
- (c) 9\$2%δ7

- (a) 7\$2%δ9(d) 9\$2%δ9
- (e) None of these

- **59.** JTAERI
  - (a) % 712@3(b) 3712@3
    - 712@ (e) None of these
  - (d) %712@%
  - UKTMIH
  - #7\$%6 (a)
- (b) 6#7\$% $\delta$
- #7\$%

- (d) 7#\$%6
- (e) None of these
- **61.** In a certain code GRANT is written as UOBSH and PRIDE is written as FEJSQ, How is SOLD written in that code?
  - (a) EPMT
- (b) TPME
- (c) EMPT
- (d) CKNR
- (e) ETPM
- **62.** Four of the following five are alike in a certain way and so form a group. Which is the one that does not belong to that group?
  - (a) 19
- (b) 17

(c) 13

(d) 27

- (e) 37
- 63. How many meaningful English words can be made with the second, the fourth, the sixth and the seventh letters of the word STUMBLE using each letter only once in each word?
  - (a) None
- (b) One
- (c) Two
- (d) Three
- (e) More than three
- **64.** What should come in place of the question mark (?) in the following letter series based on the English alphabetical order?
  - BE GJ LO OT ?
  - (a) UX
- (b) VY
- (c) SV
- (d) RU
- (e) WZ
- 65. How many such pairs of letters are there in the word GOVERNMENT each of which has as many letters between them in the word (in both forward and backward directions) as in the English alphabet?
  - (a) None
- (b) One
- (c) Two
- (d) Three
- (e) More than three

### DIRECTIONS (Os. 66-70): Study the following information carefully and answer the given questions.

Eight colleagues, A, B, C, D, E, F, G and H, are sitting around a circular table facing the centre but not necessarily in the same order. Each one of them holds a different post–Manager, Company Secretary, Chairman, President, Vice President, Group Leader, Financial Advisor and Managing Director.

A sits third to the right of the Managing Director. Only two people sit between the Managing Director and H. The Vice President and the Company Secretary are immediate neighbours. Neither A nor H is a Vice President or a Company Secretary. The Vice President is not an immediate neighbour of the Managing Director. The Manager sits second to the left of E. E is not an immediate neighbour of H. The Manager is an immediate neighbour of both the Group Leader and the Financial Advisor. The Financial Advisor sits third to the -right of B. B is not the Vice President. C sits on the immediate right of the Chairman. A is not the Chairman. F is not an immediate neighbour of A. G is not an immediate neighbour of the Manager.

- Who amongst the following sits third to the left of E?
  - (a) Manager (c) Α
- (b) G
- (d) Financial Advisor
- (e) B
- Four of the following five are alike in a certain way based on the given arrangement and thus form a group. Which is the one that does not belong to that group?
  - (a) F-Chairman
- (b) G-President
- (c) D-Manager
- (d) A-Financial Advisor
- (e) Managing Director
- Who among the following is the President of the company?
  - (a) A

(b) C

(c) H

(d) G

- (e) D
- Which of the following is true with respect to the given
- seating arrangement? (a) The Group Leader of the company is an immediate
  - neighbour of the Vice President.
  - G sits second to the right of D.
  - (c) The Group Leader and the Company Secretary are immediate neighbours.
  - The Chairman of the company sits to the immediate left of the Managing Director.
  - (e) The Group Leader sits second to the left of D.
- Which of the following posts does B hold in the company?
  - (a) Chairman
- (b) Manager
- (c) Company Secretary
- (d) Vice President
- (e) Financial Advisor

DIRECTIONS (Os. 71-75): In the following questions, the symbols  $\delta$ , %, \$, # and @ are used with the following meaning as illustrated below:

- 'P \$ Q' means 'P is not smaller than Q'.
- 'P @ Q' means 'P is not greater than Q'.
- 'P  $\delta$  Q' means 'P is neither smaller than nor equal to Q'.
- 'P # Q' means 'P is neither greater than nor equal to Q'.
- 'P % Q' means 'P is neither smaller than nor greater than Q'.

Now in each of the following questions assuming the given statements to be true, find which of the two conclusions I and II given below them is/are definitely true?

#### Give answer

- (a) if only Conclusion I is true.
- (b) if only Conclusion II is true.
- (c) if either Conclusion I or II is true.
- (d) if neither Conclusion I nor II is true.
- if both Conclusions I and II are true.
- 71. **Statements:**  $F @ N, N \delta R, H @ R$ 
  - **Conclusions:**
- **Ι** ΗδΝ
- **II.** F#R
- **Statements:** M#T, T@K, K\$N 72.
  - **Conclusions:**
- I. M#N
- ΙΙ. ΚδΜ
- 73. Statements:
- T % H, H \$ W
- **Conclusions:** I. W # T
  - **II.** W % T

74. Statements:  $N \delta K, K \# D, D \% M$ 

Conclusions: I.  $M \delta K$ 

**II.** DδN

75. Statements:  $J \$ B, B \% R, R \delta F$ 

Conclusions: L F#B
IL R@J

DIRECTIONS (Qs. 66-70): In each of the questions given below which one of the five answer figures on the right should come after the problem figures on the left, if the sequence were continued?

## 76. Problem Figures

1 1 2 1 2 1 1 2 1 1 3 4 4 4 4 4	1 2 1 A JV5PT	VJBTP 2 I A	TPDVJ
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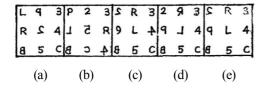
#### **Answer Figures**

B D VJHTP A 5	B G G FTIJV A 5	B PTDJV G A 5	PTFJV A 5	8 D VJHPT A 5
(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)

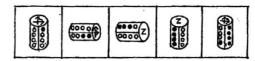
#### 77. Problem Figures

В	P	2	Ρ	R	2	9	2	ε	P	2	3	9	2	E
L	P R C	3	В	L	ε	8	R	L	В	L	4	L	R	4
5	$\mathcal{L}$	4	5	2	4	5	Ç	4	5	R	c	В	5	С

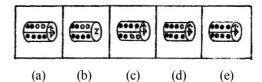
#### **Answer Figures**



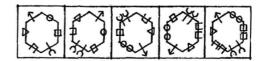
#### 78. Problem Figures



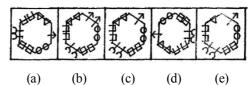
#### **Answer Figures**



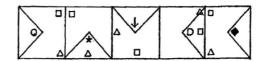
## 79. Problem Figures



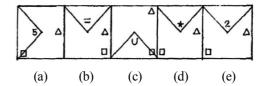
#### **Answer Figures**



### 80. Problem Figures



#### **Answer Figures**



# **HINTS & EXPLANATIONS**

1. (e)  $3 \times ? + 30 = 0$ 

$$\Rightarrow ? = \frac{-30}{3} = -10$$

- 2. (a)  $?=40.83 \times 1.02 \times 1.2 = 49.97592$
- 3. (e)  $? = 3\frac{1}{3} + 6\frac{3}{7} \times 1\frac{1}{2} \times \frac{22}{7}$  $= \frac{10}{3} + \frac{45}{7} \times \frac{3}{2} \times \frac{22}{7} = 2.44$
- 4. (d)  $3978 + 112 \times 2 = ? \div 2$  $\therefore ? = (3978 + 224) \times 2 = 8404$
- 5. (e)  $(10^{3.7} \times 10^{1.3})^2 = 10^?$  $\Rightarrow (10^{3.7+1.3})^2 = 10^? \quad [\because a^b \times a^c = a^{b+c}]$

$$10^{?} = (10^{5})^{2} = 10^{5 \times 2} \quad \left[ \because (a^{b})^{c} = a^{bc} \right] = 10^{10}$$

- 6. (e)  $? = 300 + (100 \times 2) = 300 + 200 = 500$
- 7. (a)  $? = \frac{5 \times 1.6 2 \times 1.4}{1.3} = \frac{8 2.8}{1.3} = \frac{5.2}{1.3} = 4$
- 8. (e)  $3\frac{2}{5} + 7\frac{1}{5} 5\frac{1}{4} = (3+7-5) + \left(\frac{2}{5} + \frac{1}{5} \frac{1}{4}\right) = 5 + \left(\frac{8+4-5}{20}\right) = 5\frac{7}{20}$
- 9. (c)  $25 \times 124 + 389 \times 15 = 3100 + 5835 = 8935$
- 10. (d)  $(15)^2 \times \sqrt{730} = 225 \times 27 = 6075$
- 11. (a)  $2^5 \times 9^2 = 32 \times 81 = 2592$ .  $\therefore$  Difference  $= 2^5 \times 9^2 - 2592$  = 2592 - 2592 = 0Hence, the numerical difference is 0.
- 12. (d) Let the third number be 100. Then, the first and second numbers will be 20 and 50, respectively.

Required % = 
$$\frac{20}{50} \times 100 = 40$$

13. (a) Let the cost price of an article be ₹ 100 then, S.P. = 100 + 10 = ₹ 110 If S.P. = 2 × 110 = ₹ 220

then, profit 
$$\% = \frac{(220-100)}{100} \times 100 = 120\%$$

- 14. (b) Ratio of investment = 3500: 4500: 5500 = 35: 45: 55 = 7:9:11 Since, Ratio of investment is same as ratio of profit.
  - ∴ Ratio of profit = 7:9:11Now, profit = ₹405
  - $∴ A's share = \frac{7}{27} \times 405 = ₹ 105$

15. (c) Part of the tank filled in one hour =  $\frac{1}{8} - \frac{1}{16} = \frac{1}{16}$ 

Hence, the tank will be filled in 16 hours.

16. (d) Part of the tank filled by the three pipes working simultaneously in one hour is =  $\frac{1}{5} + \frac{1}{6} - \frac{1}{12} = \frac{17}{60}$ 

i.e. it takes  $\frac{60}{17}$  hours to fill up the tank completely.

Now,  $\frac{1}{2}$  of the tank is filled with all the pipes open,

simultaneously together in  $\frac{60}{17} \times \frac{1}{2} = 1\frac{13}{17}$  hours

- 17. (c) Any even number is given by 2n for all n ∈ Z, where Z is a set of integers. This is divisible by 9 if it form 9 × 2n = 18n, which is divisible by 18.
  For example, number 36 is even and sum of digits (3+6) is 9, which is divisible by 9. Hence, the number
- 18. (a) Volume of water left in the tank =  $\ell \times b \times h$ =  $20 \times 7 \times (10-2) = 1120 \text{ m}^3$
- 19. (c)  $\pi r^2 = 2 \times 11088$  $\Rightarrow \frac{22}{7} \times r^2 = 2 \times 11088$

36 is divisible by 18.

- $\Rightarrow r^2 = \frac{2 \times 11088 \times 7}{22} = 7056$
- $\therefore r = \sqrt{7056} = 84 \text{ metre}$
- $\therefore \quad \text{Circumference} = 2\pi r = 2 \times \frac{22}{7} \times 84 = 528 \text{ metre}$
- 20. (a) x + y = 8

$$\frac{x - y = 8}{2x = 16}$$

- $\Rightarrow x=8$
- $\therefore y=0$
- Two digit number = 80
- 21. (b) Required ratio = (4220 - 2420): 2420 = 1800: 2420 = 90: 121
- 22. (b) C.P. of 20 kg of rice

$$= \not \in \left(\frac{672}{14} \times 20\right)$$

=₹060

C.P. of 15 kg of wheat

$$= \not \in \left(\frac{432}{12} \times 15\right)$$

C.P. of 16 kg of sugar

$$= \not\in \left(\frac{504}{18} \times 16\right)$$

**=**₹448

:. Total cost price

$$= (960 + 540 + 448)$$

=**₹**1948

23. (e) Let the length and breadth of the original rectangle be 'L' m and 'B' m respectively.

After increasing the length by 20% and decreasing the breadth by 20% area is 192.

$$(1.2 L) \times (0.8 B) = 192$$

or 
$$0.96 \, \text{LB} = 192$$

LB=200

24. (b) Let the original numbers be x and y and their product be xv.

Product of  $\frac{1}{3}$ rd of x and 150% of  $y = \frac{x}{3} \times \frac{3}{2}y = \frac{xy}{2}$ 

Required answer = 
$$\frac{xy}{2 \times xy} \times 100 = 50\%$$

25. (d)



We have to calculate the area of the shaded region which is equal to area of square – Area of the circle

Required answer = 
$$(28)^2 - \frac{22}{7} \times 14 \times 14$$

$$=784-616=168 \,\mathrm{m}^2$$

- 26. (c) This is a series of prime number
- 27. (d) Let x = 8

then 
$$15 = 2x - 1 = y$$

$$28 = 2y - 2 = z$$

$$53 = 2z - 3 = m$$

Next term in the pattern should be  $2m-4=2 \times 53-4$ 

28. (d) It is a combination of two series, namely

24, 49, –94; and 15, 31, 59, 58

The two series correspond to

x, (2x+1), (4x-1), (4x-1), (4x-2)

Hence the missing term is

$$4 \times 24 - 1 = 95$$

- 29. (b) Add 3 after doubling the previous number.
- 30. (d) The series exhibits the pattern of  $n^2 + 1$ ,  $n^2 1$ , alternatively, n taking values 1, 2.............

31. (a) 
$$\therefore$$
 Required  $\% = \frac{717}{5426} \times 100 = 13.21$ 

 $\approx 13\%$  (Approx)

32. (c) Percentage fall in electronic goods exports in 2014 from 2013

$$=\frac{(717-653)}{717}\times100=8.92\%\approx9\%$$

33. (b) Required total exports of the year 2012 = 5404 - 624 = 4780

34. (e) Percentage growth of electronic goods exports in the period of 2012 to 2013

$$= \frac{717 - 624}{624} \times 100 = 14.90\%$$

 $\Rightarrow$  % growth of total exports over the same period

$$= \frac{5426 - 5404}{5404} \times 100 = 0.40\%$$

:. Difference = 14.90 - 0.40

=14.50%

35. (d) From 2011 to 2014, % rise in electronic exports

$$=\frac{(653-552)}{552}\times100=18.29\%$$

≈ 18 3%

36. (e) Let x be there in the question mark.

So, 
$$\sqrt[3]{860000} = x \implies x^3 = 860000$$

Taking  $\log_{10}$  on boths the sides  $3\log_{10}x = 5.9345$   $\log x = 1.9782$ , Taking antilog we get  $x \approx 95$  [log x is nearly 2 so, x will be near to but less than 100]

37. (d)  $1\frac{5}{8} + 5\frac{1}{3} + 2\frac{2}{5} = \frac{13}{8} + \frac{16}{3} + \frac{12}{5}$   $= \frac{15 \times 13 + 40 \times 16 + 12 \times 24}{120} = \frac{195 + 640 + 288}{120}$   $= \frac{1123}{120} = 9.35 \approx 9.$ 

38. (a) 
$$8769 \div 82 \div 4 = \frac{8769}{4 \times 82} = \frac{8769}{328} = 26.73 \approx 27$$

39. (c) Let x be there in place of question mark so, x% of  $45.999 \times 16\%$  of 83.006 = 116.073.

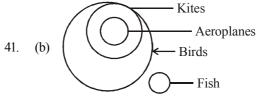
We take 
$$\frac{x}{100} \times 46 \times \frac{16}{100} \times 83 = 116$$

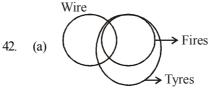
$$x \times 0.46 \times 13.28 = 116$$

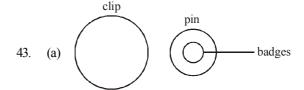
or 
$$x \times 6.11 = 116$$

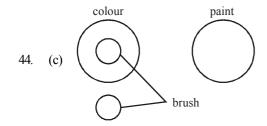
$$\Rightarrow x = 18.98 \approx 19.$$

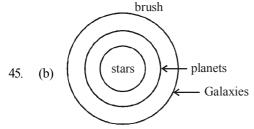
40. (b)  $12.998 \times 27.059 \times 17.999$ 











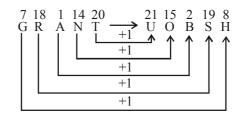
- 46. (e)
- 47. (d) The given arrangement is:

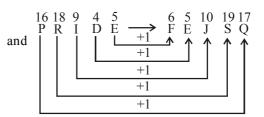
Code 8th to the left of 20th According to  $\star$ B U B D C E D B D E U (B) condition (iii)

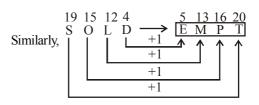
C B E A C (D) A E B A U A C DBCAC 20th from the left

- B UCE 48. (b) CUBE
- 49. (d) UBD CED A D C A C D
- 50. (a) Ε 51-55.
- 51. 52. (a) 53. 54. (d) 55. (b) (a) (e)
- Letter series E Η K 56. (a) 2 (a) 6 Code without 6 # 1 (a) condition
- 57<sub>0</sub> (e) Letter series D U M E K Code # 2 According to 2 # condition (i)

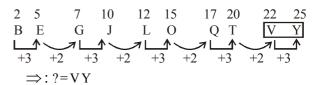
- 58. Letter series (d) M Е Code 2 % δ According to \$ 2 % δ 9 condition (ii)
- 59. (a) Letter series Ι Code 2 % (a) According to 2 3 condition (i)
- 60. (c) Letter series U K M Η \$ % 6 # \$ % \*
- 61. (c) Given that



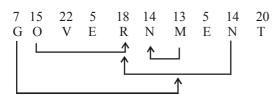




- $SOLD \Rightarrow EMPT$
- 62. (d) All others are prime number Except 27.
- 63. Second, Fourth, sixth and seventh letters of word "STUMBLE" are T, M, L & E respectively and meaningful word made by then letter is 'MELT'
- Given letter series:-



65. (e) According to question.



Such couple are G - M, O - R, M - N and N - R and is more than three.

#### Solution: 61 to 65

$$P \ Q \Rightarrow P \ge Q$$

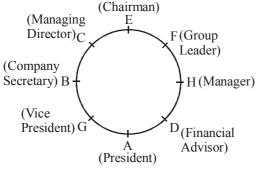
$$P(\widehat{a}, Q) \Rightarrow P \leq Q$$

$$P \delta Q \Rightarrow P > Q$$

$$P \# Q \Rightarrow P < Q$$

$$P\%O \Rightarrow P=O$$

(66-70):



71. (d) Accordingly,

$$F @ N \Rightarrow F \leq N$$

$$N\delta R \Rightarrow N > R$$

$$H@R \Rightarrow H \leq R$$

$$\therefore \quad F \le N > R \ge H$$

**Conclusion :** I.  $H\delta N \Rightarrow H > N$  [not true]

II.  $F \# R \implies F < R$  [not true]

If neither conclusion I not II is true.

72. (b) Accordingly,

$$M \# T \Rightarrow M < T$$

$$T(a)K \Rightarrow T \leq K$$

$$K S N \Rightarrow K \ge N$$

$$M < T \le K \ge N$$

**Conclusion :** I. 
$$M \# N \Rightarrow M < N$$
 [not true]

II.  $K \delta M \Rightarrow K > M$  [not true]

73. (c) Accordingly,

$$T\%H \Rightarrow T=H$$

$$H \$ W \Rightarrow H \ge W$$

$$T = H \ge W$$

Only conclusion II is true.

**Conclusion :** I. 
$$W \# T \Rightarrow W < T$$
 [true]

II. 
$$W \% T \Rightarrow W = T$$

If either conclusion I or II is true. [true]

74. (a) Accordingly,

$$N\delta K \Rightarrow N>K$$

$$K \# D \implies K < D$$

$$D\%M \Rightarrow D=M$$

$$N > K < D = M$$

**Conclusion :** I. 
$$M \delta K \Rightarrow M > K$$
 [true]

II. 
$$D\delta N \Rightarrow D > N$$
 [not true]

or

Only conclusion I is true.

75. (e) Accordingly,

$$J \$ B \implies J \ge B$$

$$B \% R \Rightarrow B = R$$

$$R \delta F \Rightarrow R > F$$

$$\therefore \quad J \geq B = R > F$$

**Conclusion :** I.  $F \# B \Rightarrow F < B$  [true]

II. 
$$R @ J \Rightarrow R \leq J$$
 [true]

Both conclusion I and II are true.

76. (d) Next figure of each problem figure changes like that the horizontal line shifted to downward and the letters changes their position on either side of vertical lines and middle letter of horizontal line changes by new letter.

77. (b)

- 78. (a) Next second figure of each problem figure is rotated clockwise by 90° and in next figure of each problem figure one more circle is darken.
- 79. (e) First right of each problem figure change like: The figures on hexagonal side are rotated clockwise one side and two side respectively and one more same figure added on particular side.
- 80. (b) Next right figure of each problem figure is rotated anticlockwise clockwise respectively by so and the figure at appex is changes to new Figure.